# The Sunshine Law



Hawaii's Open Meetings Law Part I of Chapter 92, HRS

### **Board**

- any agency, board, commission, authority, or committee of the State or its political subdivisions
- created by constitution, <u>statute</u>, rule, or executive order
- to have supervision, control, jurisdiction, or advisory power over specific matters and which is required to conduct meetings and to take official actions.



# What's the purpose?

- Protect public's right to know
- Open governmental processes to public scrutiny and public participation

# Sunshine Law requires:

Discussions, deliberations, and decisions
must be conducted at a public meeting

- Exceptions:
  - Executive meetings
  - Permitted interactions
  - Limited meetings



### "Board Business"

Matters over which the board has supervision, control, jurisdiction or advisory power that are before the board or reasonably anticipated to come before the board in the foreseeable future

### Quorum

- Majority of all members to which the board is entitled
- Must have quorum to do business (i.e., discuss, deliberate, take action)
- Meeting must end if quorum lost

# Permitted Interactions - 2 Members

Communicate privately

Cannot commit to vote



- No caucuses
- No polling
- No telephone discussions
- No e-mails
- No memos



# Permitted Interaction Group (PIG)

- Less than a quorum
- Scope of investigation defined at a meeting
- Findings and recommendations presented at a 2<sup>nd</sup> meeting
- Deliberation and decision-making at a 3<sup>rd</sup> meeting

# Permitted Interaction Groups

Can include individualswho are not on task force



# Other Permitted Interactions

- Present or negotiate on behalf of board
- Selection of officers
- Take testimony when no quorum
- Attend informational briefings
- Governor
- Department head



## Chance Meeting

a social or informal assemblage of two or more members at which matters relating to official business are not discussed.

# Executive Meetings

- Closed to public
- 2/3 vote of board members present
- Announce reasons for closed meeting
- Vote recorded and entered into minutes

# **Executive Meeting Purposes**

to consult with board's attorney regarding its powers, duties, privileges, immunities, & liabilities

matters confidential by law or court order



# Limited Meetings

- meeting not open to public if <u>dangerous</u> <u>location</u>, or
- On-site inspection & public attendance not practicable
- Must vote to hold limited meeting & OIP director must concur
- Must file & mail notice
- Video record unless OIP waives

# **Testimony**

All interested persons may submit written testimony on <u>any agenda item</u>.

All interested persons may present oral testimony on <u>any agenda item</u>.





# Notice Requirements

- written notice
- date, time, and place
- for executive meeting, must state purpose and cite statutory basis
- includes agenda

# Meeting Agenda

- All items that the board intends to consider
- To inform the public of the matters before the board so that the public can decide whether to participate in the meeting



#### PEST CONTROL BOARD

Professional and Vocational Licensing Division Department of Commerce and Consumer Affairs State of Hawaii

#### **BOARD MEETING AGENDA**

Date:

Monday, September 27, 2004

Time:

2:00 p.m.

Place:

King Kalakaua Conference Room

King Kalakaua Building, 1st Floor

335 Merchant Street Honolulu, HI 96813

- 8. Correspondence
- 9. Unfinished Business
  - a. Rule Revisions
  - b. Other (if any)
- 10. Scope
- New Business
- 12. Announcements

# Filing Notices

Filed with the Lieutenant Governor's office and at the board's office (posted at meeting site when feasible)

- 6 calendar days prior to meeting
- Copy mailed to anyone so requesting



# State Online Calendar

- Executive Memorandum No. 11-11 (September 15, 2011)
- All State boards & commissions must file notices & agendas on State Calendar "as soon as" they are filed with LG's office

http://calendar.ehawaii.gov/calendar/html/event

# Amending the Agenda

- Only with 2/3 vote of <u>all</u> members
- Cannot add item if:
  - of reasonably major importance, and
  - will affect a significant number of people



- Can take agenda items out of order (no procedural requirements in Sunshine Law)
- Can delete or cancel items from agenda
- Be mindful of spirit of law



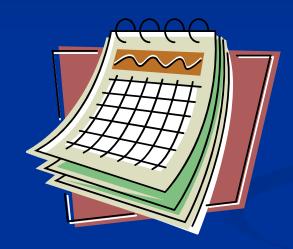
## Minutes

- Written minutes required
- True reflection of matters discussed and views of participants
- Date, time, and place
- Members present/absent
- Substance of all matters proposed, discussed, or decided
- Record, by member, of votes
- Other information that a member requests be included



## Minutes, continued...

Public within 30 calendar days



 Executive meeting minutes may be withheld for so long as publication would defeat lawful purpose of the executive meeting

# **Interactive Conference Technology Meetings**

- Teleconference, Skype, etc.
- Must allow interaction between all board members & public at all locations
- Notice where board members will be
- Notice must state public can attend at any location
- Meeting ends if audio not maintained at all locations

# **Emergency Meetings**

- imminent peril to public health, safety and welfare, or
- unanticipated event (need AG approval)
- meeting in less than 6 calendar days
- Must file & mail notice



## OIP's Role

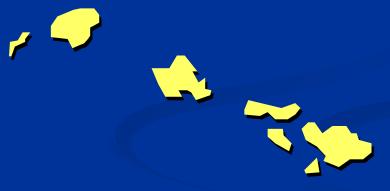
- Assist boards in complying with law
- Receive & resolve complaints from public
- Determine whether a body is subject to Sunshine Law

## Court's Role

Action taken in violation of SunshineLaw = voidable by court

Court can order injunction or other appropriate remedy





Hawaii's Public Records Law Chapter 92F, HRS





## General Rule

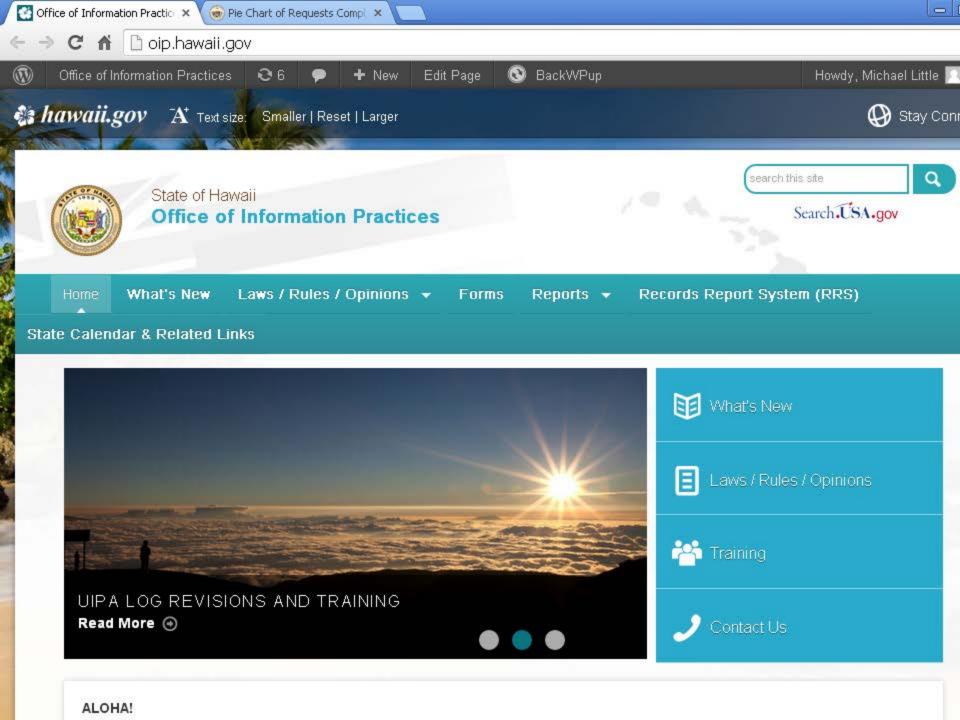
All government records are open to public inspection and copying unless restricted or closed by law



# UIPA Power Points (things to remember)



- Records presumed public
- 5 exceptions to disclosure
- Respond in 10 business days



# Need Help?

Call AOD 586-1400



- E-mail AOD: oip@hawaii.gov
- OIP Website: www.hawaii.gov/oip