EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 20-07

(Civil Service and Exempt Employees Excluded From Bargaining Units 9 and 14)

WHEREAS, under chapter 89C of the Hawaii Revised Statutes (HRS), the Governor is granted the authority to make adjustments to the wages, hours, benefits, and other terms and conditions of employment for elected and appointed officials, and employees in the executive branch who are excluded from collective bargaining coverage; and

WHEREAS, for excluded employees who are civil service employees under the same classification systems as employees within collective bargaining units, HRS chapter 89C requires that the adjustments be "not less than" those provided under the collective bargaining agreements for employees hired on a comparable basis; and

WHEREAS, HRS chapter 89C also requires that the adjustments for excluded civil service employees result in compensation and benefit packages that are "at least equal to" the compensation and benefit packages provided under collective bargaining agreements for counterparts and subordinates within the Employer's jurisdiction; and

WHEREAS, HRS chapter 89C provides that each appropriate authority shall determine the adjustments that are relevant for their respective excluded employees who are exempt from civil service in consideration of the compensation and benefit packages provided for other employees in comparable agencies; and

WHEREAS, the State, Judiciary, and the Hawai'i Health Systems

Corporation, City and County of Honolulu, and counties of Hawaii, Maui, and

Kauai have entered into tentative agreements with the Hawaii Government Employees

Association (HGEA), as the exclusive representative for Bargaining Units (BUs) 9 and

14 for the collective bargaining agreement covering July 1, 2019 through June 30, 2021, and an interest arbitration decision for BU 9 dated September 16, 2019 and BU 14 dated April 15, 2020, was rendered for all other outstanding issues; and

WHEREAS, consistent with the agreed-upon terms and conditions, the Director of Human Resources Development has recommended to the Governor the adjustments specified in this executive order for civil service and exempt employees within the executive branch who are excluded from BUs 9 and 14.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, David Y. Ige, Governor of Hawai'i, pursuant to my executive authority under articles V and VII of the Constitution of the State of Hawai'i, the provisions of chapters 37 and 89C of the Hawaii Revised Statutes, and all other applicable authority, do hereby order effective July 1, 2019 through June 30, 2021, the following for civil service and exempt employees excluded from BUs 9 and 14; and Excluded Managerial Compensation Plan (EMCP) employees excluded from BUs 9 and 14.

Excluded employees shall receive the same adjustments in the following articles that were negotiated in the July 1, 2019 through June 30, 2021 agreement from which the employee is excluded, unless otherwise indicated:

A. Compensation Adjustments – Demotion Differential

- 1. This adjustment is applicable to non-EMCP civil service employees excluded from BU 9 (Attachment A).
- 2. This adjustment is applicable to non-EMCP civil service employees excluded from BU 14 (Attachment B).
- 3. This adjustment is applicable to EMCP employees excluded from BU 9 and 14 (Attachment C).

B. Sick Leave

- 1. This adjustment is applicable to civil service and exempt employees excluded from BU 9 and EMCP employees excluded from BU 9 (Attachment D).
- 2. This adjustment is applicable to civil service and exempt employees excluded from BU 14 and EMCP employees excluded from BU 14 (Attachment E).

C. Other Leaves of Absence

This adjustment is applicable to civil service and exempt employees excluded from BU 9 and EMCP employees excluded from BU 9 (Attachment F).

D. Drug and Alcohol Testing

- 1. This adjustment is applicable to non-EMCP civil service and exempt employees excluded from BU 9 (Attachment G).
- 2. This adjustment is applicable to non-EMCP civil service and exempt employees excluded from BU 14 (Attachment H).

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that this executive order does not apply to:

(1) employees of public charter schools, the Department of Education and the University of Hawai'i; (2) 89-day non-civil service appointments and exempt appointments less than or equal to 89 days; and (3) those executive branch employees whom I later determine shall not receive the aforementioned adjustments; and

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that this executive order is not intended to create, and does not create, any rights or benefits, whether substantive or procedural, or enforceable at law or in equity, against the State of Hawai'i or its agencies, departments, entities, employees, or any other person; and

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that these provisions are subject to amendment by executive order.

The Director of Human Resources Development shall be responsible for the uniform administration of this executive order and is authorized to make any interpretations concerning the applicability of these adjustments to the employees of the State government executive branch who are excluded from collective bargaining coverage.

DONE at the State Capitol, Honolulu,

State of Hawai'i, this 14th day of

August , 2020.

DAVID Y. IGE Governor

APPROVED AS TO FORM:

CLARE E. CONNORS Attorney General

1 **ARTICLE 17 - COMPENSATION ADJUSTMENTS** 2 3 Α. General Provisions. 4 1. For purpose of clarification, the provisions of this Article shall not be 5 applicable where an Employee moves from one (1) governmental jurisdiction to another, 6 7 except as specifically provided herein. 8 2. For purposes of this Article, "basic rate of pay" means the rate of pay 9 assigned to the salary range and step an Employee is receiving as compensation. For 10 an Employee whose position is not assigned to the salary range, "basic rate of pay" shall 11 mean the actual rate of compensation the Employee is receiving as remuneration for 12 services performed in a particular position, not including any differentials. 13 14 3. 15 When the effective dates of more than one (1) personnel action coincide. 16 pay adjustments shall be made in the following order: 17 Step movement; 18 a. 19 20 b. Negotiated wage increase; 21 22 C. Changeover to a new pay schedule; 23 24 d. Repricing; 25 26 Promotion; e. 27 28 f. Reallocation; 29 30 Other personnel actions. g. 31

4. A leave of absence without pay shall end upon the day before the first working day an Employee properly reports for duty, and an Employee shall be entitled to receive compensation as of the first working day the Employee properly reports for duty. Each calendar day from the beginning to the end of an Employee's leave of absence without pay shall be charged as leave without pay provided that an Employee who is granted a leave of absence without pay and who returns to duty after being absent from work for only one (1) working day or less, shall be charged for one (1) day of leave of absence without pay or less, as applicable, even though one (1) or more scheduled or normal non-working days or a holiday may have preceded the Employee's return to duty.

5. An Employee who leaves the service without having worked on all scheduled working days for that month shall be compensated pursuant to the following formula: Employee's monthly basic rate of pay plus TD, **DD**, CD, SD, or RD as applicable x (number of days worked/number of working days in a month, including holidays).

6. An Employee who suffers a disabling personal injury arising out of and in the course of employment, except for an injury caused by the Employee's negligence, willful intention to injure the Employee or others, or by the Employee's intoxication or because of the influence of a non-prescribed controlled substance, shall be credited for a full day's work on the day of the injury regardless of the time the Employee is injured.

7. An Employee who initially was properly compensated following a promotion, the adoption of a new pay schedule, a temporary assignment, pricing or repricing, or any other personnel action affecting pay, shall not be required to make reimbursement when it is found subsequently that an overpayment in salary occurred due to the retroactive feature of a position classification action. However, the proper pay adjustment shall be made as of the first pay period following the date of notice of action by the director.

8. Employees who are receiving a shortage differential shall have their compensation adjusted by provisions contained in a separate supplemental agreement.

1	B.	Compensation Adjustment Upon Promotion.
2		
3	1.	As used in this paragraph, "promotion" means the movement of a regular
4	Employee fr	rom the position in which the Employee last held a permanent appointment to
5	a vacant civ	ril service position assigned to a class with a higher pay range in the salary
6	schedule.	
7		
8	2.	A regular Employee who is promoted shall be compensated at the step in
9	the higher p	ay range which corresponds to his existing step (i.e., the movement shall be
10	from Step A	to Step A, or Step B to Step B).
11		
12	3.	Regular Employees who return to their permanent positions after a
13	promotion of	on a temporary appointment basis or are released from a new probationary
14	appointmen	t following a promotion shall be compensated as though they had remained
15	in their pern	nanent positions continuously.
16		
17	C.	Compensation Adjustment Upon Demotion.
18		
19	1.	The following definitions shall be applicable to this paragraph:
20		
21		a. "Demotion" means the movement of a regular Employee from the
22	•	ion in which the Employee last held a permanent appointment to a vacant civil
23	servi	ce position assigned to a class with a lower pay range in the salary schedule.
24		
25	-	b. "Demotion due to a reorganization" means a demotion of an
26	⊨mpi	oyee as a result of a reorganization action.
27		"Demotion to avoid leveff" means a demotion assented by an
28	Empl	c. "Demotion to avoid layoff" means a demotion accepted by an
29	Emp	oyee to avoid being laid off.
30		d "Disciplinary demotion" means a demotion action taken by the
31		d. "Disciplinary demotion" means a demotion action taken by the

1	appointing authority for disciplinary reasons.
2	
3	e. "Involuntary demotion" means a demotion action taken by the
4	appointing authority due to the Employee's inability to perform the duties and
5	responsibilities of the Employee's position, or due to the Employee's failure to meet
6	qualification requirements for the position.
7	
8	f. "Non-service connected disability demotion" means the movement
9	of an Employee to a vacant civil service position assigned to a class with a lower
10	pay range in the salary schedule, due to a disability sustained by the Employee
11	other than while performing the duties and responsibilities of the Employee's
12	position.
13	
14	g. "Service connected disability demotion" means the movement of a
15	regular Employee or an Employee serving an initial probationary period to a vacant
16	civil service position assigned to a class with a lower pay range in the salary
17	schedule, due to a disability sustained by the Employee while performing the duties
18	and responsibilities of the Employee's position.
19	
20	h. "Voluntary demotion" means a demotion requested by an Employee
21	and granted by the appointing authority.
22	
23	2. Disciplinary or Involuntary Demotion.
24	
25	 A regular Employee who is involuntarily demoted or who is demoted
26	for disciplinary reasons shall be compensated at the corresponding step in the
27	lower salary range or any lower step in the lower salary range.
28	
29	b. Upon release from a disciplinary demotion given on a temporary
30	basis, a regular Employee shall be compensated as though the Employee had
31	remained in the former position continuously.

1	
2	3. Demotion to Avoid Layoff; Demotion Due to Reorganization; Service
3	Connected Disability Demotion.
4	
5	a. Prior to November 1, 2019, [A]an Employee who accepts a
6	demotion to avoid layoff; or is demoted due to a reorganization; or who receives a
7	service connected disability demotion, shall retain the Employee's basic rate of
8	pay; provided:
9	
LO	1)[a-] If the Employee's basic rate of pay falls between two (2) steps
L1	in the lower pay range, the Employee shall be compensated at the step in
L2	the lower pay range whose rate is immediately below the Employee's basic
L3	rate of pay and shall be entitled to a temporary differential.
L 4	
L 5	2)[b-] If the Employee's basic rate of pay falls above the maximum
L 6	step in the lower pay range, the Employee shall be compensated at the
L7	maximum step and shall be entitled to a temporary differential.
L 8	
L 9	b. Effective November 1, 2019, an Employee who accepts a
20	demotion to avoid layoff; or is demoted due to a reorganization; or who
21	receives a service connected disability demotion, shall be compensated at
22	the corresponding step in the lower pay range and shall be entitled to a
23	demotion differential.
24	
25	4. Non-Service Connected Disability Demotion.
26	
27	a. Prior to November 1, 2019, [A]an Employee who receives a non-
28	service connected disability demotion shall be compensated as provided below:
29	
30	1)[a.] A regular Employee who has fifteen (15) or more years of
31	continuous service in the civil service of the Employee's governmental

jurisdiction shall retain the Employee's basic rate of pay; provided that:

<u>a)[1+]</u> If the Employee's basic rate of pay falls between two (2) steps in the lower pay range, the Employee shall be compensated at the step in the lower pay range whose rate is immediately below the Employee's basic rate of pay and shall be entitled to a temporary differential.

b)[2)] If the Employee's basic rate of pay falls above the maximum step in the lower pay range, the Employee shall be compensated at the maximum step and shall be entitled to a temporary differential.

<u>2)[b-]</u> A regular Employee with at least five (5) years but less than fifteen (15) years of continuous service in the civil service of the Employee's governmental jurisdiction shall retain the Employee's basic rate of pay for a period beyond the effective date of the demotion as follows:

19	Years of Service	Months of Compensation Retention
20		
21	5	12
22	6	14
23	7	16
24	8	18
25	9	20
26	10	22
27	11	24
28	12	26
29	13	28
30	14	30
31		

1	<u>a)[1)</u>] If the Employee's basic rate of pay falls between two
2	(2) steps in the lower pay range, the Employee shall be compensated
3	at the step in the lower pay range whose rate is immediately below
4	the Employee's basic rate of pay and shall be entitled to a temporary
5	differential.
6	
7	<u>b)[2)</u>] If the Employee's basic rate of pay falls above the
8	maximum step in the lower pay range, the Employee shall be
9	compensated at the maximum step and shall be entitled to a
10	temporary differential.
11	
12	3)[e-] The basic rate of pay of a regular Employee with less than five
13	(5) years of continuous service in the civil service of the Employee's
14	governmental jurisdiction, or a regular Employee whose retention period as
15	prescribed in clause 2)b., has expired, shall be adjusted in the manner of
16	adjustments for service connected disability demotion, provided the
17	Employee shall not be entitled to temporary differential.
18	
19	b. Effective November 1, 2019, compensation adjustment for a
20	non-service connected disability demotion shall be in the manner
21	prescribed in paragraph C.3.b.
22	
23	5. Voluntary Demotion.
24	
25	a. For voluntary demotions involving a movement of three (3) or less
26	pay ranges, the Employee shall be compensated at the corresponding step in the
27	lower pay range.
28	
29	b. Notwithstanding the years of service requirements for Steps E, L1
30	and L2, voluntary demotions involving a movement of more than three (3) pay
31	ranges shall be handled as follows:

1	
2	 the Employee shall be compensated at the step in the lower
3	pay range which is equal to the rate for voluntary demotions involving three
4	(3) pay ranges;
5	
6	 if such rate falls above the maximum step in the lower pay
7	range, the Employee shall be compensated at the maximum step of the
8	lower pay range;
9	
10	c. Upon return to the position in which an Employee last held a
11	permanent appointment, a regular Employee who is demoted on a temporary or
12	provisional appointment basis or who is released from a new probationary
13	appointment following a demotion shall be compensated as though the Employee
14	had remained in the former position continuously.
15	
16	D. Compensation Adjustment Upon Transfer.
17	
18	 "Transfer" means the movement of a regular Employee from the position in
19	which the Employee last held a permanent appointment to a vacant civil service position
20	which is in the same class or in a different class assigned to the same pay range in the
21	salary schedule.
22	
23	A regular Employee who is transferred shall continue at the same basic rate
24	of pay.
25	
26	E. Compensation Adjustment Upon Reallocation.
27	
28	 The following definitions shall be applicable to this paragraph:
29	
30	a. "Reallocation downward" means the reallocation of a position to a
31	class assigned to a lower pay range in the salary schedule.

- b. "Reallocation upward" means the reallocation of a position to a class assigned to a higher pay range in the salary schedule.

2. Compensation following reallocation upwards shall be adjusted in the manner as adjustments for promotion.

3. Compensation adjustment for a reallocation downwards shall be in the manner prescribed in paragraph C.3. However, when downward reallocations are due to disciplinary, involuntary, or voluntary reasons, the Employee's basic rate of pay shall be adjusted in the manner as adjustments for disciplinary, involuntary, or voluntary demotions, as applicable.

4. Compensation following reallocation of a position in a class to the same pay range shall be adjusted in the manner of adjustments for transfer.

5. Upon return to the original classification of the Employee's position after a temporary reallocation upward, the Employee shall be compensated at the rate the Employee would have received were it not for the temporary reallocation.

F. Compensation Adjustment Upon Repricing.

1. The basic rate of pay of an Employee whose position is in a class which is repriced to a higher pay range shall be adjusted in the manner as adjustments for promotion.

2. The basic rate of pay of an Employee whose position is in a class which is repriced to a lower pay range shall be adjusted in the manner as adjustments are prescribed in paragraph C.3.

G. Compensation of Employees Selected from an Open Competitive List

Resulting from a Recruitment Above the Minimum.

Notwithstanding any paragraph in this Article, Employees selected through an open competitive recruitment which permits hiring above the first step may be compensated at a rate determined by the Employer upon their appointment from the open competitive list; provided that the amount the Employee will receive is not less than the amount the Employee would have received if the Employees were compensated in accordance with the applicable paragraph.

H. Compensation for Temporary Assignment Performed.

Compensation for temporary assignment shall be as follows:

1. Except as provided in subparagraph 6, the basic rate of an Employee who performs temporary assignment involving a position assigned to a class in a higher pay range in the salary schedule shall be adjusted in the manner as adjustments for promotion except that any temporary differential <u>and/or demotion differential</u> which the Employee was receiving shall not be added to the basic rate of pay but shall be retained by the Employee while performing the temporary assignment.

2. An Employee who performs a temporary assignment involving a position assigned to the same or lower pay range in the salary schedule shall continue to be compensated at the Employee's basic rate of pay prior to the temporary assignment.

3. Whenever a temporary assignment involves the assumption of duties and responsibilities of an exempt position not assigned to a salary range, Employees will be compensated at the prescribed statutory rate of pay if such rate is higher than the Employee's existing basic rate of pay. If there is no prescribed statutory rate, the appointing authority may exercise discretion in setting compensation for temporary assignment.

Whenever a temporary assignment is made for an exempt Employee whose position is not assigned to the salary schedule, and whose temporary assignment involves the assumption of the significant duties and responsibilities of a position assigned to a different salary schedule outside of the bargaining unit, the following will be used to determine whether the assignment is to a higher pay range:

The maximum rate for the class to which temporary assignment is made is higher than the Employee's existing rate; provided, the dollar difference between the two (2) is more than five percent (5%) of the Employee's existing basic rate of pay.

If the temporary assignment is to a position in a higher pay range, as determined above, the Employee will be compensated at that step in the higher pay range which exceeds the Employee's existing rate by five percent (5%). If there is no step in the higher pay range which rate exceeds the Employee's basic rate of pay by at least five percent (5%), the Employee shall be compensated at the maximum step in the higher pay range or at the Employee's basic rate of pay, whichever is greater.

If the temporary assignment does not involve a higher pay range as determined above, the Employee shall be compensated pursuant to subparagraph 2.

5. Whenever a temporary assignment involves the assumption of the duties and responsibilities of a position in the Excluded Managerial Compensation Plan (EMCP), such assignment shall be compensated in accordance with the provisions that are applicable to Excluded Managerial (EM) Employees.

6. Compensation adjustments shall not be provided for the following:

a. An Employee whose position includes assuming the duties and responsibilities of the Employee's superior in the absence of the superior and which assignment is recognized in the Employee's position classification and pricing.

1	between the Employee's basic rate of pay prior to a demotion and the
2	Employee's new basic rate of pay.
3	
4	b. The DD pay shall not be considered part of the Employee's
5	basic rate of pay.
6	
7	c. When an Employee with DD pay is promoted, reallocated
8	upward, or repriced upward, the DD pay shall be reduced by an amount
9	equal to any adjustment in the Employee's basic rate of pay. When the
L 0	adjustment due to these actions is greater than or equal to the DD pay, the
L1	DD pay shall be terminated.
L2	
L3	d. When an Employee with DD pay receives a step movement, the
L 4	DD pay shall be continued except when the sum of the Employee's new
L5	basic rate of pay and existing DD pay is greater than or equal to the
L 6	maximum of the Employee's salary range, the new DD pay shall equal the
L7	greater of:
L 8	
L 9	 The maximum of the Employee's existing salary range
20	minus the Employee's new basic rate of pay; or
21	
22	2) The sum of the Employee's existing basic rate of pay
23	and existing DD pay, minus the Employee's new basic rate of pay.
24	
25	e. When an Employee with DD pay is demoted, transferred, or
26	reallocated to a class in the same or lower pay range, the DD pay shall be
27	continued in the new pay range.
28	
29	J. Compensation Adjustment for Non-Regular Employees.
30	
31	 Movements of non-regular Employees to other civil service positions shall

not be classified as promotions, transfers, or demotions, but shall be considered as new appointments and compensation adjustments upon these new appointments shall be as prescribed in this paragraph.

2. A non-regular Employee who is moved from the position in which the Employee was serving a probational appointment to another position assigned to the same salary range shall continue at the same basic rate of pay.

3. A non-regular Employee who is moved from the position in which the Employee was serving a temporary appointment to another position in the same class and in the same department shall continue at the same basic rate of pay.

4. Non-regular Employees serving temporary appointments who are converted to initial probational or permanent appointments in the same positions that the Employees were serving temporary appointments will continue to receive the same basic rate of pay they were receiving while serving temporary appointment.

5. The compensation of a non-regular Employee after a personnel transaction other than as described in subparagraphs 2, 3, and 4, shall be at the initial step of the salary range.

K. Compensation Adjustment for Exempt Employees Accepting Civil Service Appointments, or Whose Exempt Positions are Converted to Civil Service Positions.

1. Exempt Employees who move to civil service positions or who are granted civil service status pursuant to legislation shall not have the transaction considered as promotions, transfers, or demotions. Such transactions shall be considered new appointments and pay adjustments upon these new appointments shall be as prescribed in this paragraph.

2. An exempt Employee who is granted civil service status pursuant to

1	legislation shall retain the basic rate of pay the Employee was receiving immediately price
2	to being granted civil service status; provided:
3	
4	a. If the Employee's rate of pay falls between two (2) steps in the salar
5	schedule, the Employee shall be compensated at the lower step.
6	
7	b. If the Employee's rate of pay falls below the minimum step of th
8	salary schedule, the Employee shall be compensated at the minimum step.
9	
10	c. If the Employee's rate of pay falls above the maximum step of th
11	salary schedule, the Employee shall be compensated at the maximum step.
12	
13	Exempt Employees selected from an open competitive list to civil service
14	positions other than as described in subparagraph 1, shall be compensated at the initial
15	step of the salary range.
16	
17	L. Compensation Adjustment for Employees Moving to Exempt Appointments
18	
19	Movements of Employees to exempt positions shall not be classified a
20	promotions, transfers, or demotions, but shall be considered as new appointments an
21	compensation adjustments upon these new appointments shall be as follows:
22	
23	 The Employee shall be compensated at the prescribed statutory rate for th
24	exempt position; or
25	
26	2. If there is no prescribed statutory rate, then the rate determined by the
27	appointing authority.
28	
29	M. Compensation Adjustments for Regular Employees Serving Limited Terr
30	Appointments, Temporary Appointments, or New Probational Appointments, in Anothe
31	Position.

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Regular Employees serving limited term appointments, temporary appointments, or new probational appointments, who are promoted, transferred, or demoted, or whose permanent position is reallocated or repriced shall have their compensation adjusted from their permanent positions pursuant to paragraphs B, C, D, E, or F, as applicable, except as follows:

- An Employee who is moved from the position in which the Employee was serving a probational appointment to another position assigned to the same salary range shall continue at the same basic rate of pay.
- b. An Employee who is moved from the position in which the Employee was serving a temporary appointment to another position in the same class and in the same department shall continue at the same basic rate of pay.
- 2. Regular Employees serving limited term or other temporary appointments who are converted to probational or permanent appointments in the same positions that they were serving on a limited term or other temporary appointment basis shall continue to receive the same basic rate of pay they were receiving while serving the limited term or temporary appointment.
- N. Compensation Adjustments Following an Intergovernmental Movement Made Pursuant to Law.

When an intergovernmental movement has been made pursuant to law, the compensation of the regular Employee involved shall be adjusted as follows:

1. If the result of the intergovernmental movement is that the Employee moves to a position assigned to a class with a higher pay range in the salary schedule than the previous pay range, the Employee's compensation shall be adjusted in the manner as adjustments for promotion.

- 2. If the result of the intergovernmental movement is that the Employee moves to a position assigned to a class with the same pay range in the salary schedule as the previous pay range, the Employee's compensation shall be adjusted in the manner of adjustments for transfer.
- 3. If the result of the intergovernmental movement is that the Employee moves to a position assigned to a class with a lower pay range in the salary schedule than the previous pay range, the Employee's compensation shall be adjusted in the manner as
- adjustments for voluntary demotion.
 - O. Other Compensation Adjustments.
- Compensation adjustments not expressly provided for by this Agreement but necessitated by authorized personnel movements or situations shall be made by the director of personnel services, director of civil service, or the administrative director of the courts, as applicable; provided that consultation shall take place with the Union prior to effecting any adjustments under this paragraph.

ARTICLE 14 - COMPENSATION ADJUSTMENT

1 2 3

A. General Provisions.

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1. For purpose of clarification, the provisions of this Article shall not be applicable where an Employee moves from one (1) governmental jurisdiction to another, except as specifically provided herein.

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2. For purposes of this Article, "basic rate of pay" means the rate of pay assigned to the salary range and step an Employee is receiving as compensation. For an Employee whose position is not assigned to the salary range, "basic rate of pay" shall mean the actual rate of compensation an Employee is receiving as remuneration for services performed in a particular position, not including any differentials.

13 14 15

3. When the effective dates of more than one (1) personnel action coincide, pay adjustments shall be made in the following order:

16 17 18

- a. Step movement;
- b. Negotiated wage increase;
- c. Changeover to a new pay schedule;
- 21 d. Repricing;
- e. Promotion;
- 23 f. Reallocation;
- g. Other personnel actions.

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4. A leave of absence without pay shall end upon the day before the first working day an Employee properly reports for duty, and an Employee shall be entitled to receive compensation as of the first working day the Employee properly reports for duty. Each calendar day from the beginning to the end of an Employee's leave of

absence without pay shall be charged as leave without pay provided that an Employee
who is granted a leave of absence without pay and who returns to duty after being
absent from work for only one (1) working day or less, shall be charged for one (1) day
of leave of absence without pay or less, as applicable, even though one (1) or more
scheduled or normal non-working days or a holiday may have preceded the Employee's
return to duty.

 5. An Employee who leaves the service without having worked on all scheduled working days for that month shall be compensated pursuant to the following formula: Employee's monthly basic rate of pay plus TD, <u>DD</u>, CD, SD, RD, or SAD as applicable X (number of days worked/number of working days in a month, including holidays).

6. An Employee who suffers a disabling personal injury arising out of and in the course of employment, except for an injury caused by the Employee's negligence, willful intention to injure the Employee or others, or by the Employee's intoxication or because of the influence of a non-prescribed controlled substance, shall be credited for a full day's work on the day of the injury regardless of the time the Employee is injured.

7. An Employee who initially was properly compensated following a promotion, the adoption of a new pay schedule, a temporary assignment, pricing or repricing, or any other personnel action affecting pay, shall not be required to make reimbursement when it is found subsequently that an overpayment in salary occurred due to the retroactive feature of a position classification action. However, the proper pay adjustment shall be made as of the first pay period following the date of notice of action by the director.

8. Employees who are receiving a shortage differential shall have their compensation adjusted in the same manner as their included counterparts occupying positions in shortage and related shortage classes.

1	b. Compensation Adjustment Opon Promotion.
2	
3	1. As used in this paragraph, "promotion" means the movement of a regular
4	Employee from the position in which the Employee last held a permanent appointment
5	to a vacant civil service position assigned to a class with a higher pay range in the
6	salary schedule.
7	
8	2. A regular Employee who is promoted shall be compensated as follows:
9	2. A regular Employee who is promoted shall be compensated as follows.
10	a. For promotions involving a movement of three (3) or less pay
11	ranges, the Employee shall be compensated at the corresponding step in the
12	higher salary range.
13	mgnor salary range.
14	b. For promotions involving a movement of more than three (3) pay
15	ranges, the Employee shall be compensated at the step in the higher salary
16	range which is equal to the rate for promotions involving three (3) pay ranges. If
	such rate falls below the minimum step, the Employee shall be compensated at
17	
18	the minimum step of the higher pay range.
19	O Bounday Employees with a making As Abole magnetic machines of the s
20	3. Regular Employees who return to their permanent positions after a
21	promotion on a temporary appointment basis or are released from a new probationary
22	appointment following a promotion shall be compensated as though they had remained
23	in their permanent positions continuously.
24	
25	C. Compensation Adjustment Upon Demotion.
26	
27	 The following definitions shall be applicable to this paragraph:
28	
29	a. "Demotion" means the movement of a regular Employee from the
30	position in which the Employee last held a permanent appointment to a vacant

1	civil service position assigned to a class with a lower pay range in the salary
2	schedule.
3	
4	b. "Demotion due to a reorganization" means a demotion of an
5	Employee as a result of a reorganization action.
6	
7	c. "Demotion to avoid layoff" means a demotion accepted by an
8	Employee to avoid being laid off.
9	
10	d. "Disciplinary demotion" means a demotion action taken by the
11	appointing authority for disciplinary reasons.
12	
13	e. "Involuntary demotion" means a demotion action taken by the
14	appointing authority due to the Employee's inability to perform the duties and
15	responsibilities of the Employee's position, or due to the Employee's failure to
16	meet qualification requirements for the position.
17	
18	f. "Non-service connected disability demotion" means the movement
19	of an Employee to a vacant civil service position assigned to a class with a lowe
20	pay range in the salary schedule, due to a disability sustained by the Employee
21	other than while performing the duties and responsibilities of the Employee's
22	position.
23	
24	g. "Service connected disability demotion" means the movement of a
25	regular Employee or an Employee serving an initial probationary period to a
26	vacant civil service position assigned to a class with a lower pay range in the
27	salary schedule, due to a disability sustained by the Employee while performing
28	the duties and responsibilities of the Employee's position.
29	
30	h. "Voluntary demotion" means a demotion requested by an
31	Employee and granted by the appointing authority.

1	
2	2. Disciplinary or Involuntary Demotion.
3	
4	a. A regular Employee who is involuntarily demoted or who is
5	demoted for disciplinary reasons shall be compensated at the corresponding step
6	in the lower salary range or any lower step in the lower salary range.
7	
8	b. Upon release from a disciplinary demotion given on a temporary
9	basis, a regular Employee shall be compensated as though the Employee had
10	remained in the former position continuously.
11	
12	3. Demotion to Avoid Layoff; Demotion Due to Reorganization; Service
13	Connected Disability Demotion.
14	
15	<u>a.</u> <u>Prior to July 1, 2020, [A]an Employee who accepts a demotion to</u>
16	avoid layoff; or is demoted due to a reorganization; or who receives a service
17	connected disability demotion, shall retain the Employee's basic rate of pay;
18	provided:
19	
20	1)[a-] If the Employee's basic rate of pay falls between two (2)
21	steps in the lower pay range, the Employee shall be compensated at the
22	step in the lower pay range whose rate is immediately below the
23	Employee's basic rate of pay and shall be entitled to a temporary
24	differential.
25	
26	2)[b.] If the Employee's basic rate of pay falls above the maximum
27	step in the lower pay range, the Employee shall be compensated at the
28	maximum step and shall be entitled to a temporary differential.
29	

1		b. Effective July 1, 2020, an Employee who accepts a demotion to
2	avo	d layoff; or is demoted due to a reorganization; or who receives a
3	ser	ce connected disability demotion, shall be compensated as follows:
4		
5		1) For demotions involving a movement of three (3) or less
6		pay ranges, the Employee shall be compensated at the
7		corresponding step in the lower pay range and shall be entitled to a
8		demotion differential (DD).
9		
10		2) For demotions involving a movement of more than three
11		(3) pay ranges, the Employee shall be compensated at the step in the
12		lower pay range which is equal to the rate for voluntary demotion
13		involving three (3) pay ranges and shall be entitled to a DD. If the
14		rate for voluntary demotion involving three (3) pay ranges falls above
15		the maximum step in the lower pay range, the Employee shall be
16		compensated at the maximum step of the lower pay range and shall
17		be entitled to a DD.
18		
19	4.	Non-Service Connected Disability Demotion.
20		
21		a. Prior to July 1, 2020, [A]an Employee who receives a non-service
22	CO	nected disability demotion shall be compensated as provided below:
23		
24		1)[a-] A regular Employee who has fifteen (15) or more years of
25		continuous service in the civil service of the Employee's governmental
26		jurisdiction shall retain the Employee's basic rate of pay; provided that:
27		
28		a)[4-] If the Employee's basic rate of pay falls between two
29		(2) steps in the lower pay range, the Employee shall be
30		compensated at the step in the lower pay range whose rate is

immediately below the Employee's basic rate of pay and shall be entitled to a temporary differential.

<u>b)[2)</u>] If the Employee's basic rate of pay falls above the maximum step in the lower pay range, the Employee shall be compensated at the maximum step and shall be entitled to a temporary differential.

<u>2)[b.]</u> A regular Employee with at least five (5) years but less than fifteen (15) years of continuous service in the civil service of the Employee's governmental jurisdiction shall retain the Employee's basic rate of pay for a period beyond the effective date of the demotion as follows:

15	Years of Service	Months of Compensation Retention
16		
17	5	12
18	6	14
19	7	16
20	8	18
21	9	20
22	10	22
23	11	24
24	12	26
25	13	28
26	14	30

<u>a)</u>[4)] If the Employee's basic rate of pay falls between two (2) steps in the lower pay range, the Employee shall be compensated at the step in the lower pay range whose rate is

1	immediately below the Employee's basic rate of pay and shall be
2	entitled to a temporary differential.
3	
4	<u>b)[2-)</u> If the Employee's basic rate of pay falls above the
5	maximum step in the lower pay range, the Employee shall be
6	compensated at the maximum step and shall be entitled to a
7	temporary differential.
8	
9	3)[e-] The basic rate of pay of a regular Employee with less than
10	five (5) years of continuous service in the civil service of the Employee's
11	governmental jurisdiction, or a regular Employee whose retention period
12	as prescribed in clause b., has expired, shall be adjusted in the manner of
13	adjustments for service connected disability demotion, provided the
14	Employee shall not be entitled to temporary differential.
15	
16	b. Effective July 1, 2020, compensation adjustment for a non-
17	service connected disability demotion shall be in the manner prescribed in
18	paragraph C.3.b.
19	
20	5. Voluntary Demotion.
21	
22	 A regular Employee who accepts a voluntary demotion shall be
23	compensated as follows:
24	
25	1) For voluntary demotions involving a movement of three (3)
26	or less pay ranges, the Employee shall be compensated at the
27	corresponding step in the lower pay range.
28	
29	2) For voluntary demotions involving a movement of more than
30	three (3) pay ranges, the Employee shall be compensated at the step in
31	the lower pay range which is equal to the rate for voluntary demotions

1		involving three (3) pay ranges. If such rate falls above the maximum step
2		in the lower pay range, the Employee shall be compensated at the
3		maximum step of the lower pay range.
4		
5		b. Upon return to the position in which an Employee last held a
6	perm	anent appointment, a regular Employee who is demoted on a temporary
7	арро	intment basis or who is released from a new probationary appointment
8	follow	ving a demotion shall be compensated as though the Employee had
9	remained in the former position continuously.	
10		
11	D.	Compensation Adjustment Upon Transfer.
12		
13	1.	"Transfer" means the movement of a regular Employee from the position
14	in which the	Employee last held a permanent appointment to a vacant civil service
15	position which is in the same class or in a different class assigned to the same pay	
16	range in the	e salary schedule.
17		
18	2.	A regular Employee who is transferred shall continue at the same basic
19	rate of pay.	
20		
21	E.	Compensation Adjustment Upon Reallocation.
22		
23	1.	The following definitions shall be applicable to this paragraph:
24		
25		a. "Reallocation downward" means the reallocation of a position to a
26	class	s assigned to a lower pay range in the salary schedule.
27		
28		b. "Reallocation upward" means the reallocation of a position to a
29	class	s assigned to a higher pay range in the salary schedule.
30		

1	2.	Compensation following reallocation upwards shall be adjusted in the	
2	manner as a	adjustments for promotion.	
3			
4	3.	Compensation adjustment for a reallocation downwards shall be in the	
5	manner pres	scribed in paragraph C.3. However, when downward reallocations are due	
6	to disciplina	ry, involuntary, or voluntary reasons, the Employee's basic rate of pay shall	
7	be adjusted in the manner as adjustments for disciplinary, involuntary, or voluntary		
8	demotions, as applicable.		
9			
10	4.	Compensation following reallocation of a position in a class to the same	
11	pay range s	hall be adjusted in the manner of adjustments for transfer.	
12			
13	5.	Upon return to the original classification of the Employee's position after a	
14	temporary r	eallocation upward, the Employee shall be compensated at the rate the	
15	Employee would have received were it not for the temporary reallocation.		
16			
17	F.	Compensation Adjustment Upon Repricing.	
18			
19	1.	The basic rate of pay of an Employee whose position is in a class which is	
20	repriced to	a higher pay range shall be adjusted in the manner as adjustments for	
21	promotion.		
22			
23	2.	The basic rate of pay of an Employee whose position is in a class which is	
24	repriced to	a lower pay range shall be adjusted in the manner as adjustments are	
25	prescribed	in paragraph C.3.	
26			
27	G.	Compensation of Employees Selected from an Open Competitive List	
28	Resulting from a Recruitment Above the Minimum.		

Notwithstanding any paragraph in this Article, Employees selected through an open competitive recruitment which permits hiring above the first step may be compensated at a rate determined by the Employer upon their appointment from the open competitive list; provided that the amount the Employee will receive is not less than the amount the Employee would have received if the Employees were compensated in accordance with the applicable paragraph.

H. Compensation for Temporary Assignment Performed.

Compensation for temporary assignment shall be as follows:

1. Except as provided in subparagraph 6., the basic rate of an Employee who performs temporary assignment involving a position assigned to a class in a higher pay range in the salary schedule shall be adjusted in the manner as adjustments for promotion except that any temporary differential <u>and/or demotion differential</u> which the Employee was receiving shall not be added to the basic rate of pay but shall be retained by the Employee while performing the temporary assignment.

 2. An Employee who performs a temporary assignment involving a position assigned to the same or lower pay range in the salary schedule shall continue to be compensated at the Employee's basic rate of pay prior to the temporary assignment.

3. Whenever a temporary assignment involves the assumption of duties and responsibilities of an exempt position not assigned to a salary range (regardless of whether the exempt position is within the bargaining unit or outside of the bargaining unit), Employees will be compensated at the prescribed statutory rate of pay if such rate is higher than the Employee's existing basic rate of pay. If there is no prescribed statutory rate, the appointing authority may exercise discretion in setting compensation for temporary assignment; provided, the compensation shall be no less than the Employee's basic rate of pay.

4. Whenever a temporary assignment is made for an exempt Employee whose position is not assigned to the salary schedule, and whose temporary assignment involves the assumption of the significant duties and responsibilities of a position assigned to a salary schedule outside of the bargaining unit, the following will be used to determine whether the assignment is to a higher pay range:

The maximum rate for the class to which temporary assignment is made is high

The maximum rate for the class to which temporary assignment is made is higher than the Employee's existing rate; provided, the dollar difference between the two (2) is more than five percent (5%) of the Employee's existing basic rate of pay.

If the temporary assignment is to a position in a higher pay range, as determined above, the Employee will be compensated at that step in the higher pay range which exceeds the Employee's existing rate by five percent (5%). If there is no step in the higher pay range which rate exceeds the Employee's basic rate of pay by at least five percent (5%), the Employee shall be compensated at the maximum step in the higher pay range or at the Employee's basic rate of compensation, whichever is greater.

If the temporary assignment does not involve a higher pay range as determined above, the Employee shall be compensated pursuant to subparagraph 2.

5. Whenever a temporary assignment involves the assumption of the duties and responsibilities of a position in the Excluded Managerial Compensation Plan (EMCP), such assignment shall be compensated in accordance with the provisions that are applicable to Excluded Managerial (EM) Employees.

If the temporary assignment does not involve a higher pay range as determined above, the Employee shall be compensated pursuant to subparagraph 2.

6. Compensation adjustments shall not be provided for the following:

1	 a. An Employee whose position includes assuming the duties and
2	responsibilities of the Employee's superior in the absence of the superior and
3	which assignment is recognized in the Employee's position classification and
4	pricing.
5	
6	b. An Employee who performs duties in accordance with the terms of
7	a formal training agreement entered into with the Employee's department head
8	and approved by the director.
9	
10	I. Temporary Differential and Demotion Differential Pay.
11	
12	1. Temporary Differential Pay.
13	
14	a.[1-] An Employee shall be eligible for temporary differential pay as may
15	be provided in this Article. The amount of TD pay shall be the difference
16	between the Employee's basic rate of pay prior to the action taken and the
17	Employee's new basic rate of pay.
18	
19	<u>b.[2-]</u> The TD pay shall not be considered part of an Employee's basic
20	rate of pay.
21	
22	c.[3-] The TD pay shall be reduced by an amount equal to any
23	adjustment in the Employee's basic rate of pay due to promotion, upward
24	reallocation, or repricing upward actions. When the adjustment due to these
25	actions is greater than or equal to the TD pay, the TD pay shall be terminated.
26	
27	d.[4.] When an Employee with TD pay is demoted or transferred, or
28	whose position is reallocated to a class in the same or lower pay range, the TD
29	shall be continued in the new pay range.
30	
31	2. <u>Demotion Differential Pay.</u>

1	
2	a. An Employee may be eligible for demotion differential (DD) pay
3	as provided in this Article. The amount of DD pay shall be the difference
4	between the Employee's basic rate of pay prior to a demotion and the
5	Employee's new basic rate of pay.
6	
7	b. The DD pay shall not be considered part of the Employee's
8	basic rate of pay.
9	
10	c. When an Employee with DD pay is promoted, reallocated
11	upward, or repriced upward, the DD pay shall be reduced by an amount
12	equal to any adjustment in the Employee's basic rate of pay. When the
13	adjustment due to these actions is greater than or equal to the DD pay, the
14	DD pay shall be terminated.
15	
16	d. When an Employee with DD pay receives a step movement, the
17	DD pay shall be continued except when the sum of the Employee's new
18	basic rate of pay and existing DD pay is greater than or equal to the
19	maximum of the Employee's salary range, the new DD pay shall equal the
20	greater of:
21	
22	 The maximum of the Employee's existing salary range
23	minus the Employee's new basic rate of pay; or
24	
25	2) The sum of the Employee's existing basic rate of pay
26	and existing DD pay, minus the Employee's new basic rate of pay.
27	
28	e. When an Employee with DD pay is demoted, transferred, or
29	reallocated to a class in the same or lower pay range, the DD pay shall be
30	continued in the new pay range.

1	J.	Compensation Adjustment for Non-Regular Employees.	
2			
3	1.	Movements of non-regular Employees to other civil service positions shall	
4	not be class	ified as promotions, transfers, or demotions, but shall be considered as new	
5	appointmen	ts and compensation adjustments upon these new appointments shall be as	
6	prescribed in	n this paragraph.	
7			
8	2.	A non-regular Employee who is moved from the position in which the	
9	Employee w	as serving a probational appointment to another position assigned to the	
10	same salary range shall continue at the same basic rate of pay.		
11			
12	3.	A non-regular Employee who is moved from the position in which the	
13	Employee was serving a temporary appointment to another position in the same salary		
14	range and salary schedule and in the same department shall continue at the same basic		
15	rate of pay.		
16			
17	4.	Non-regular Employees serving temporary appointments who are	
18	converted to	o initial probational or permanent appointments in the same positions that	
19	the Employ	ees were serving temporary appointments will continue to receive the same	
20	basic rate o	f pay they were receiving while serving temporary appointment.	
21			
22	5.	Non-regular full supervisory Employees with at least one (1) year of	
23	continuous service who move to other civil service positions shall have their		
24	compensat	on adjusted as though they were promoted, demoted or transferred.	
25			
26	6.	The compensation of a non-regular Employee after a personnel	
27	transaction	other than as described in subparagraphs 2, 3, 4, and 5 shall be at the initial	
28	step of the	salary range.	
29			
30	K.	Compensation Adjustment for Exempt Employees Accepting Civil Service	

Appointments, or Whose Exempt Positions are Converted to Civil Service Positions.

Movements of Employees to exempt positions shall not be classified as promotions, transfers, or demotions, but shall be considered as new appointments and

compensation adjustments upon these new appointments shall be as follows:

26

27 28

29

30

Appointments.

1	1. The Employee shall be compensated at the prescribed statutory rate for
2	the exempt position; or,
3,	
4	2. If there is no prescribed statutory rate, then the rate determined by the
5	appointing authority.
6	
7	M. Compensation Adjustments for Regular Employees Serving Limited Term
8	Appointments, Temporary Appointments, or New Probational Appointments, in Another
9	Position.
10	
11	 Regular Employees serving limited term appointments, temporary
12	appointments, or new probational appointments, who are promoted, transferred, or
13	demoted, or whose permanent position is reallocated or repriced shall have their
14	compensation adjusted from their permanent positions pursuant to paragraphs B, C, D,
15	E, or F, as applicable, except as follows:
16	
17	a. An Employee who is moved from the position in which the
18	Employee was serving a probational appointment to another position assigned to
19	the same salary range shall continue at the same basic rate of pay.
20	
21	b. An Employee who is moved from the position in which the
22	Employee was serving a temporary appointment to another position in the same
23	class and in the same department shall continue at the same basic rate of pay.
24	
25	2. Regular Employees serving limited term or other temporary appointments
26	who are converted to probational or permanent appointments in the same positions that
27	they were serving on a limited term or other temporary appointment basis shall continue
28	to receive the same basic rate of pay they were receiving while serving the limited term
29	or temporary appointment.
30	

1	N.	Compensation Adjustments Following an Intergovernmental Movement
2	Made Pursu	ant to Law.
3		
4	Whe	n an intergovernmental movement has been made pursuant to law, the
5	compensati	on of the regular Employee involved shall be adjusted as follows:
6		
7	1.	If the result of the intergovernmental movement is that the Employee
8	moves to a	position assigned to a class with a higher pay range in the salary schedule
9	than the pre	evious pay range, the Employee's compensation shall be adjusted in the
10	manner as	adjustments for promotion.
11		
12	2.	If the result of the intergovernmental movement is that the Employee
13	moves to a	position assigned to a class with the same pay range in the salary schedule
14	as the previ	ous pay range, the Employee's compensation shall be adjusted in the
15	manner of a	adjustments for transfer.
16		
17	3.	If the result of the intergovernmental movement is that the Employee
18	moves to a	position assigned to a class with a lower pay range in the salary schedule
19	than the pre	evious pay range, the Employee's compensation shall be adjusted in the
20	manner as	adjustments for voluntary demotion.
21		
22	Ο.	Step Movements.
23		
24	1.	All step movement costs under this paragraph shall be included in the
25	costs of co	llective bargaining and submitted to the respective legislative bodies for
26	approval at	the appropriate time.
27		
28	2.	The following definitions shall be applicable to this paragraph:
29		

1		a. "Step movement" means the movement of an Employee to the next
2	ste	p within the same pay range which rate immediately exceeds the Employee's
3	ba	sic rate of pay.
4		and the content of the content of the content of
5		b. "Step movement date" means the date the Employee is to be
6	gra	inted a step movement after rendering the minimum number of years of
7	cre	editable service.
8		
9	3.	In determining creditable service for step movement, the following shall
10	apply:	
11		
12		a. "Service" means:
13		
14		 For employees who become excluded from bargaining unit
15		14 on February 22, 2016 as a result of Act 137, SLH 2013; employment
16		service on a step in any Employer jurisdiction in an existing or former
17		position which is or has been included in bargaining unit 3 or 4 prior to
18		February 22, 2016 or bargaining unit 14 on or after February 22, 2016 or
19		which would have been included in bargaining unit 3 or 4 or 14 were it not
20		excluded therefrom, provided there is no break in service.
21		
22		For employees who enter or re-enter a position excluded
23		from bargaining unit 14 after February 22, 2016, employment service on a
24		step in any Employer jurisdiction in an existing or former position which is
25		or has been included in bargaining unit 14 or which would have been
26		included in bargaining unit 14 were it not excluded therefrom, provided
27		there is no break in service.
28		
29		b. "Break in service," for purposes of this paragraph, means a
30	se	paration from service or a movement out of the bargaining unit; provided that a

1	new appointment within the bargaining unit on the next consecutive work day		
2	shall not constitute a break in service.		
3	*		
4	c. Service throughout a work year shall be creditable for a step		
5	movement provided that the following shall be considered time not creditable:		
6			
7	 absences without pay, except as provided in subparagraph 		
8	3.d. below;		
9			
10	absences due to suspension; or		
11			
12	 any period of substandard performance. 		
13			
14	d. A period of authorized leave without pay for the following purposes		
15	shall be construed as creditable service:		
16			
17	1) to be on sabbatical leave;		
18			
19	2) to recuperate from an injury for which workers' compensation		
20	weekly payments are made, or		
21			
22	3) to be on military service where the President of the United		
23	States or the governor of the State has called the Employee to active duty		
24			
25	4. Determining Step Movement Date.		
26			
27	a. Subject to adjustment for all periods of time not creditable as		
28	provided in subparagraph 3.c., the step movement date shall be determined as		
29	follows:		
30			

1		 For Employees who move to excluded bargaining unit 14 on 		
2		February 22, 2016, as a result of Act 137, SLH 2014; the step movement		
3		date shall be determined by the Employee's step movement date in the		
4		excluded bargaining unit 03 or excluded bargaining unit 04 on February		
5		21, 2016.		
6				
7		2) For Employees who enter or re-enter a position in the		
8		excluded bargaining unit after February 22, 2016, the step movement date		
9		shall be determined by the date the Employee initially entered or re-		
10	entered a position in the excluded bargaining unit.			
11				
12		b. The Employee's step movement date determined under 4.a. shall		
13		not be adjusted upon movement to another position in the bargaining unit without		
14		a break in service, regardless of Employer jurisdiction.		
15				
16		5. Eligibility for Step Movement.		
17				
18		a. Any Employee who is at a step or rate below the maximum step of		
19		the pay range shall be eligible for and shall receive a step movement on the		
20		Employee's step movement date, provided the Employee has completed the		
21		minimum number of years of satisfactory creditable service required for		
22		advancement to the next higher step.		
23				
24		1) Effective February 22, 2016, the minimum number of years		
25		of satisfactory creditable service required for advancement to the next		
26		higher step shall be as specified in the following:		
27				
28		Minimum No. of Years		
29		Existing of Creditable Service at Existing Step		
30		Step Before Movements to Next Step		
31				

1	A	1
2	В	1
3	С	2
4	D	3
5	E	3
6	F	3
7	G	3
8	— Н —	3
9	1	3
10	J	3
11	K	3
12	L	3
13		
14	2) Ef	fective July 1, 2016, the minimum number of years of
15	satisfactory cred	ditable service required for advancement to the next higher
16	step shall be as	specified in the following:
17	v	
18		Minimum No. of Years
19	Existing	of Creditable Service at Existing Step
20	Step	Before Movements to Next Step
21		
22	Α	3
23	В	3
24	С	3
25	D	3
26	E	3
27	F	3
28	G	3
29	Н	3
30	l	3
31	J	3

1		K		3		
2						
3	b.	The Employee sh	hall not be	entitled to receive	e a step movement	on
4	a date earli	er than the Employe	ee's step n	novement date ar	nd any time earned	in
5	excess of t	he minimum time re	equired for	the step moveme	ent is voided upon	
6	movement	to the next higher st	tep in the s	same pay range.		
7						
8	6. Effe	ct of Personnel Action	ons.			
9						
10	a.	Promotion, Demo	otion, Real	location or Reprid	oing	
11						
12	Not	withstanding subpar	ragraph 5 a	above, an Employ	ee who is promoted	d,
13	demoted o	r whose position is r	reallocated	or repriced to an	nother pay range sh	all
14	be credited	with time earned in	n the forme	r pay range or pa	ay ranges toward	
15	eligibility fo	or a step movement	in the new	pay range.		
16						
17	b.	Transfer or Reall	location to	a Class at Same	Pay Range	
18						
19	An I	Employee who is tra	ansferred o	r whose position	is reallocated to a c	class
20	in the same pay range shall not lose time earned toward eligibility for a step					
21	movement	increase.				
22						
23	C.	Return to Positio	n Followin	g Release from L	imited Term, or Ne	W
24	Probationa	ary Appointment				
25						
26	An	Employee who retur	rns to the E	Employee's perma	anent position follov	ving
27	release fro	om a limited term or	new proba	itionary appointm	ent, whether from a	ι

position within the bargaining unit or from a position outside the bargaining unit,

shall be credited with service rendered as though the Employee had remained in

the former position continuously.

28

29

30 31 P. Other Compensation Adjustments.

1 2 3

4

5

Compensation adjustments not expressly provided for by this document but necessitated by authorized personnel movements or situations shall be made by the chief personnel or human resources executive, as applicable.

COMPENSATION ADJUSTMENTS

Applicable to EMCP employees excluded from BU 9 and 14

Effective July 1, 2020, an Employee who accepts a demotion

- to avoid a layoff,
- demotion due to reorganization,
- service connected disability or non-service connected disability demotion,
- reallocation downward, except does not include downward reallocations for disciplinary, involuntary, or voluntary reasons,
- repricing to a lower pay range;

shall be compensated as follows:

- 1. The employee's basic rate of pay shall be adjusted using the standard compensation adjustment for voluntary demotions* and shall be entitled to a demotion differential (DD). The amount of the DD pay shall be the difference between the Employee's basic rate of pay prior to a demotion and the Employee's new basic rate of pay.
- 2. The DD pay shall not be considered part of the Employee's basic rate of pay.
- 3. When an Employee with DD pay is promoted, reallocated upward, or repriced upward, the DD pay shall be reduced by an amount equal to any adjustment in the Employee's basic rate of pay. When the adjustment due to these actions is greater than or equal to the DD pay, the DD pay shall be terminated.
- 4. When an Employee with DD pay receives a salary increase to their basic rate of pay, the DD pay shall be continued except when the sum of the Employee's new basic rate of pay and existing DD pay is greater than or equal to the maximum of the Employee's pay range, the new DD pay shall equal the greater of:
 - a. The maximum of the Employee's existing pay range minus the Employee's new basic rate of pay; or
 - b. The sum of the Employee's existing basic rate of pay and existing DD pay, minus the Employee's new basic rate of pay.
- 5. When an Employee with DD pay is demoted, transferred, or reallocated to a class in the same or lower pay range, the DD pay shall be continued in the new pay range.

*Voluntary Demotion for Excluded Managers: An employee who accepts a voluntary demotion shall be compensated by subtracting from the Employee's basic rate of pay the dollar amount which results by multiplying the Employee's basic rate of pay by the applicable pay range change percentage

# of Pay Ranges Moved	Pay Range Change %
1-2	10%
3-5	15%
6 or more	20%

If this results in an amount which is below the minimum or above the maximum rate in the lower pay range, the Employee shall be compensated at the minimum or maximum rate in the lower pay range. (Page C-74 & C-67, Excluded Employee Adjustments – July 1991).

This adjustment is applicable to civil service and exempt employees excluded from BU 9 and EMCP employees excluded from BU 9.

ARTICLE 42 - SICK LEAVE

- A. Earning of Sick Leave.
- 1. All Employees covered by this Agreement shall be credited for sick leave at the rate of fourteen (14) hours for each month of service. For the purpose of this Article, a workday is defined as an eight (8) hour workday.
- 2. If an Employee renders less than a month of service, the Employee's sick leave allowance for such month shall be computed as follows:

Actual Straight Time Hours of Service	Working Hours of Leave	
For 0 to 31	0	
For 32 to 55	4	
For 56 to 79	6	
For 80 to 103	8	
For 104 to 127	10	
For 128 to 151	12	
For 152 or more	14	

The term "actual straight time hours of service" shall include paid holidays.

- B. Except as hereinafter otherwise provided, sick leave allowance shall accrue to an Employee while the Employee is on leave with pay. No sick leave allowance shall accrue:
- 1. During the period of any vacation leave or sick leave granted when the employment terminates or is to terminate at the end of such leave.
- 2. During the period the Employee is on leave without pay, except for the period the Employee is on leave for disability and is being paid workers' compensation therefore.
- 3. During any period of valid suspension which is sustained in the event an appeal is made by the Employee.
 - 4. During any period of unauthorized leave.
 - 5. During any period the Employee is on educational/sabbatical leave.
 - 6. During any period of leave with pay pending investigation if the Employee:

- a. is subsequently discharged/dismissed;
- b. resigns or retires prior to the discharge/dismissal; or
- c. resigns or retires during the investigation.
- C. Accumulation of Sick Leave. An Employee may accumulate the sick leave earned. The unused sick leave accumulated shall be credited to the Employee's account for subsequent use in the event of a sickness. Such unused sick leave may be accumulated without limitation.
- D. Sick leave shall be administered on a calendar year basis and recorded at the end of each calendar year. After the end of each year, the appointing authority will furnish each Employee with a statement of the sick leave credit remaining as of December 31.

E. Notification of Sickness.

- 1. Notification of absence on account of sickness shall be given at least thirty (30) minutes prior to the start of the Employee's scheduled workday or if impracticable as soon thereafter as circumstances permit. However, in operations where Employees on a shift normally relieve Employees on the previous shift, notification of absence shall be given at least two (2) hours prior to the start of the Employee's scheduled shift, except in extenuating circumstances whereby an Employee is unable to provide such notice.
- 2. If, in the opinion of the department head, such notification has not been given in accordance with this section, such absence may, in the discretion of the department head, be charged to vacation allowance or leave without pay.
- F. Application for Sick Leave. Application for sick leave shall be filed on a form prescribed by the Employer or the Employer's designee within five (5) working days after return to duty; provided, that in the event such Employee dies before that time or before returning to duty, the Employee's executor or administrator or the appropriate department head if the department head deems it proper may file such application within six (6) months after the Employee's death. Sick leave shall not be granted unless it is proved to the satisfaction of the department head that the Employee's absence from work was necessary because of sickness.
- G. The department head shall require the Employee to submit a [licensed physician's] certificate from a licensed physician or an advanced practice registered nurse (APRN) for absence of five (5) or more consecutive working days to substantiate the fact that the period of absence was due entirely to sickness and that the Employee is physically and/or mentally able to resume the duties of the Employee's position. The department head may require the Employee to be examined by a physician of said department head's choice provided the department assumes the cost of the physician's services.

- H. Absence due to sickness lasting less than one (1) hour shall not be charged to sick leave when such sickness occurs during the final hour of work and the Employee is released from work.
- I. Upon application by the Employee, sick leave, when granted may include all sick leave allowance as of the last full month of service immediately preceding the return to duty from sick leave, or as much thereof as is needed, to permit the Employee to recover from the sickness.
- J. Sick leave shall be allowed for medical, dental, optical and optometrical appointments which the Employee cannot schedule for non-work time.
- K. Sick Leave--How Charged. Employees shall be charged with sick leave only for absence on account of sickness on days upon which, but for such sickness, they would normally have worked and received pay.
- L. Physical examinations required by the Employer shall not be charged against an Employee's sick leave.
- M. Additional Sick Leave With Pay. Additional sick leave with pay, in excess of that to which the Employee is entitled, may be granted with the written approval of the Employer under such conditions that it may prescribe, provided, that due consideration shall be given to the length of service of the particular Employee.
- N. Use of Cumulative Sick Leave Allowance After Transfer Between Departments. When an Employee resigns a position to accept a position in another department of the Employer as the result of a transfer (including promotion, demotion or original appointment) or in case of any other movement from one department to another of the Employer, the Employee shall not thereby forfeit any unused accumulated sick leave allowance that is credited to the Employee in the department from which the Employee was transferred or moved. If, after the date of such transfer, the Employee uses any or all of such cumulative sick leave credited to the Employee, the appropriation of the department to which the Employee is transferred shall bear the entire charge thereof. In no event, shall the appropriation of the department from which the Employee was transferred or moved be charged for any cumulative sick leave taken after the date of transfer or movement.
- O. Credit for Sick Leave During Vacation. When sickness lasting one (1) or more consecutive working days occurs during a vacation, the period of sickness shall, upon submittal of a licensed physician's certificate or other satisfactory proof of such sickness as deemed necessary by the department head, be charged as sick leave, and the charge against vacation allowance shall be reduced accordingly. Application for such substitution of sick leave for vacation shall be made within five (5) working days after return to work from the leave.

- P. No Sick Leave After Termination of Services. Upon termination of services an Employee shall forfeit all sick leave allowance accrued and accumulated to the date of such termination, except for purposes of computing service credit in the retirement system in accordance with Act 177, SLH 1975 which provides, in part that an Employee with sixty (60) days of unused sick leave to the Employee's credit shall have the Employee's years of service increased by three months for the purpose of computing the Employee's retirement allowance and that for each additional twenty (20) days or major fraction thereof of unused sick leave in excess of sixty (60) days that the Employee has credited shall have the Employee's years of service increased by one month for the purpose of computing the Employee's retirement allowance. This section shall not be construed to provide for the forfeiture of sick leave accumulation when the Employee is granted a leave without pay, including military leave or is immediately rehired by the Employer.
- Q. Sick leave shall be allowed for temporary disabilities as defined under the Equal Employment Opportunity Commission Guidelines, Title 29, Chapter XIV, Section 1604, of the Code of Federal Regulations.
- R. An Employee who is laid off pursuant to Article 12 Layoff and Reemployment, shall retain her accumulated sick leave credits for the period that her name remains on the recall list. If the Employee is recalled to work pursuant to Article 12, the Employee shall be credited with all accumulated sick leave credits retained.
 - S. Sick Leave upon Separation from Service.
- 1. Upon separation from service, an Employee shall forfeit all sick leave allowance accrued and accumulated to the date of the separation except as otherwise provided by chapter 88, Hawai`i Revised Statutes. This paragraph shall not be construed to provide for the forfeiture of sick leave accumulation when the Employee is granted leave without pay, including military leave, or is rehired by the Employer within seven calendar days.
- 2. When an Employee moves from one Employer jurisdiction to another to accept employment in a position in which sick leave allowance is earned, the Employee may request and be allowed to transfer any unused sick leave credits accumulated at the time of movement. Any sick leave credits used after the effective date of the movement shall be charged to the appropriation of the receiving Employer.

Bargainin	g Unit 14			
TENTATIVE AGREEMENT				
Employer	KUW			
Union	KP			
Date	Jan 8, 2020			

ARTICLE 35 - SICK LEAVE

- A. Earning of Sick Leave.
- 1. All Employees shall earn sick leave at the rate of fourteen (14) hours for each month of service. For the purpose of this Article, a workday is defined as an eighthour (8) workday.
- 2. If such Employees render less than a month of service, their sick leave allowance for such month shall be computed as follows:

Actual Straight Time	Working Hours of Leave
Hours of Service	
	* e
For 0 to 31	0
For 32 to 55	4
For 56 to 79	6
For 80 to 103	8
For 104 to 127	10
For 128 to 151	12
For 152 or more	14

The term "actual straight time hours of service" shall include paid holidays.

- 3. Individuals who are employed on a temporary, contractual, or substitute basis while on vacation from another position in the State government or any political subdivision of the State shall not earn sick leave allowance for such employment.
- 4. Except as hereinafter otherwise provided, sick leave allowance shall accrue to an Employee while on leave with pay. No sick leave allowance shall accrue:

- a. During the period of any vacation leave or sick leave granted when the employment terminates or is to terminate at the end of such leave;
- b. During the period the Employee is on leave without pay except for the period the Employee is on leave for disability and is being paid Workers' Compensation therefore;
- c. During any period of valid suspension which is sustained in the event an appeal is made by the Employee;
 - d. During any period of unauthorized leave;
- e. During any period the Employee is on educational or sabbatical leave; or
- f. During any period of leave with pay pending investigation if the Employee:
 - 1) is subsequently discharged/dismissed;
 - 2) resigns or retires prior to the discharge/dismissal; or
 - 3) resigns or retires during the investigation.
- B. Accumulation of Sick Leave.
- 1. An Employee may accumulate the sick leave the Employee earns. The unused sick leave accumulated shall be credited to the Employee's account for subsequent use in the event of a sickness. Such unused sick leave may be accumulated without limitation.
- 2. Sick leave shall be administered on a calendar year basis and recorded at the end of each calendar year. After the end of each year, the appointing authority will

furnish each Employee with a statement of the sick leave credit remaining as of December 31.

C. Notification of Sickness.

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- 1. Notification of absence on account of sickness shall be given at least thirty (30) minutes prior to the start of the Employee's scheduled workday or if impracticable as soon thereafter as circumstances permit. However, in operations where Employees on a shift normally relieve Employees on the previous shift, notification of absence shall be given at least two (2) hours prior to the start of the Employee's scheduled shift, except in extenuating circumstances whereby an Employee is unable to provide such notice.
- 2. If, in the opinion of the department head, such notification has not been given in accordance with this Article, such absence may, in the discretion of the department head, be charged to vacation allowance or leave without pay.
 - D. Application for Sick Leave.
- 1. Application for sick leave shall be filed on a form prescribed by the Employer or designee, within five (5) working days after return to duty; provided, that in the event such Employee dies before that time or before returning to duty, the Employee's executor or administrator or department head if deemed proper may file such application within six (6) months after the Employee's death. Sick leave shall not be granted unless it is provided to the satisfaction of the department head that the Employee's absence from work was necessary because of sickness.
- 2. The department head shall require the Employee to submit a [licensed physician's] certificate from a licensed physician or an advanced practice registered nurse (APRN) for absences of five (5) or more consecutive working days to substantiate the fact that the period of absence was due entirely to sickness and that

the Employee is physically and/or mentally able to resume the duties of the position. The department head may require the Employee to be examined by a physician of said department head's choice provided the department assumes the cost of the physician's services.

- 3. Absence due to sickness lasting less than one (1) hour shall not be charged to sick leave when such sickness occurs during the final hour of work and the Employee is released from work.
- 4. Upon application by the Employee, sick leave when granted may include all sick leave allowance as of the last full month of service immediately preceding the return to duty from sick leave, or as much thereof as is needed, to permit the Employee to recover from the sickness.
 - E. Sick Leave Charged Only for Working Hours.
- 1. Employees absent from work on account of sickness, shall have charged against their sick leave allowance all working hours which occur during such absence.
- 2. Employees normally working eight-hour (8) days, other than between the hours of 7:45 a.m. and 4:30 p.m. and/or other than between Monday and Friday inclusive, shall have charged against their sick leave allowances only those hours they were scheduled to work or would have worked had they not taken sick leave.
- F. Additional Sick Leave With Pay. Additional sick leave with pay, in excess of that which the Employee is entitled to, may be granted with the written approval of the Employer provided that due consideration shall be given to the length of service of the particular Employee requesting the leave.
- G. Use of Cumulative Sick Leave Allowance after Transfer Between Departments. When an Employee resigns from a position to accept a position in

another department of the Employer as the result of a transfer (including promotion, demotion, or original appointment) or in case of any other movement from one department to another of the Employer, the Employee shall not thereby forfeit any unused accumulated sick leave allowance credit in the department from which the Employee was transferred or moved. If, after the date of such transfer, the Employee uses any or all of such cumulative sick leave credit the appropriation of the department to which the Employee is transferred shall bear the entire charge thereof. In no event, shall the appropriation of the department from which the Employee was transferred or moved be charged for any cumulative sick leave taken after the date of transfer or movement.

- H. Credit for Sick Leave during Vacation. When sickness lasting one or more consecutive working days occurs during a vacation, the period of sickness shall, upon submittal of a licensed physician's certificate or other satisfactory proof of such sickness as deemed necessary by the department head, be charged as sick leave, and the charge against vacation allowance shall be reduced accordingly. Application for such substitution of sick leave for vacation shall be made within five (5) working days upon return to work.
- I. Sick leave shall be allowed for medical, dental, optical, and optometrical examination appointments which the Employee cannot schedule for non-work time.
- J. Sick leave shall be allowed for temporary disabilities as defined under the Equal Employment Opportunity Commission Guidelines, Title 29, Chapter XIV, Section 1604, of the Code of Federal Regulations.
- K. Physical examinations required by the Employer shall not be charged against an Employee's sick leave.
- L. An Employee who is laid off pursuant to Article 9 Reduction-in-Force, shall retain accumulated sick leave credits for the period that the Employee's name remains

on the recall list. If the Employee is recalled to work pursuant to Article 9, the Employee shall be credited with all accumulated sick leave credits retained.

- M. Sick Leave upon Separation from Service.
- 1. Upon separation from service, an Employee shall forfeit all sick leave allowance accrued and accumulated to the date of the separation except as otherwise provided by Chapter 88, Hawai`i Revised Statutes. This paragraph shall not be construed to provide for the forfeiture of sick leave accumulation when the Employee is granted leave without pay, including military leave, or is rehired by the Employer within seven (7) calendar days.
- 2. When an Employee moves from one Employer jurisdiction to another to accept employment in a position in which sick leave allowance is earned, the Employee may request and be allowed to transfer any unused sick leave credits accumulated at the time of movement. Any sick leave credit used after the effective date of the movement shall be charged to the appropriation of the receiving Employer.

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ARTICLE 46 - OTHER LEAVES OF ABSENCE

- A. Leave Without Pay to Work at the State Legislature. With the approval of the chief executive, and upon request of a member of the State Legislature, a regular Employee may be granted a leave of absence without pay to render service at the State Legislature. The leave without pay shall be for a duration of no more than twelve (12) months. The Employee shall have return rights as provided in paragraph I.
- B. Leave Without Pay to Delay a Layoff. A regular Employee may be granted a leave of absence without pay for no more than twelve (12) months in order to delay a planned layoff when the position which the Employee occupies has been abolished. If the Employee has not been placed at the expiration of the twelve (12) month period, the Employee shall be subject to Article 12, Layoff and Reemployment.
- C. Leave Without Pay for Employees Serving Temporary Intergovernmental and Intragovernmental Assignments and Exchanges. Subject to the provisions of section 78-27, Hawai'i Revised Statutes, regular Employees on temporary intergovernmental and intragovernmental assignments and exchanges may be granted leaves without pay. The Employee shall have the same rights and benefits as any other Employee of the sending agency who is on leave without pay status.
- D. Educational Leave Without Pay. An appointing authority may grant a leave without pay to regular Employees for any of the following reasons:
- 1. To pursue a course of instruction which is related to the Employee's field of work;
- 2. To engage in research which has a beneficial effect on the skills or knowledges required in the Employee's field of work; or,
- 3. To improve the Employee's ability and increase the Employee's fitness for public employment.

The duration of the educational leave without pay shall be for no more than twelve (12) months. For good cause, as determined by the appointing authority, educational leave without pay may be extended an additional twelve (12) months. The Employee shall have return rights as provided in paragraph H.

- E. Industrial Injury Leave.
- 1. An Employee may be granted leave without pay not to exceed twelve (12) months, provided she is receiving workers' compensation wage loss replacement benefits.
- 2. An Employee may be granted additional leave without pay in twelve (12) month increments, provided the Employee is receiving workers' compensation wage loss

replacement benefits or provided the Employee's application for retirement is pending determination by the State Retirement System.

- F. Leave Without Pay to Work in Certain Appointive Positions.
- 1. An appointing authority may grant a leave without pay to a regular Employee to render services as a department head, agency head, deputy department head, as a secretary to a department head or a deputy department head, or as an appointee to any other position within the jurisdiction that is mutually agreeable between the Employer and the Union. The Employer shall compile a list of the appointive positions to which this section applies and maintain its currency.
- 2. The rights of an Employee who is released from the above appointments are as follows:
 - a. Upon completion of no more than four (4) years of the leave without pay, reinstatement in the position in which the Employee last held a permanent appointment. In the event the Employee is retained beyond these four (4) years for the transition to a new chief executive's term, but for not more than three (3) months, the Employee shall retain the reinstatement right to the Employee's former civil service position.
 - b. Following more than four (4) years of leave without pay, reinstatement to the Employee's former position if vacant or placement in a comparable vacant position.
 - c. Upon reinstatement in the former position or placement in another comparable position, compensation shall be as though the Employee had remained continuously in the position.
- G. Other Leaves Without Pay. An appointing authority may grant regular or non-regular Employees leaves without pay for no more than twelve (12) months, for any of the following reasons:
- 1. To recuperate from physical or mental illnesses; provided, for leaves without pay of five (5) days or more, an Employee shall submit a [licensed physician's] certificate from a licensed physician or an advanced practice registered nurse (APRN) to substantiate the fact that period of leave without pay was due entirely to sickness and that the Employee is physically and/or mentally able to resume the duties of her position. However, the Employer may require an Employee to submit a [licensed physician's] certificate from a licensed physician or an advanced practice registered nurse (APRN) from the first day of absence without pay.
 - 2. Death in the family.
 - 3. To extend an annual vacation leave for travel, rest, or for recreation

purposes.

- 4. To seek political office.
- 5. Personal business of an emergency nature.
- 6. Annual periods of temporary cessation of normal operation.
- 7. Child or pre-natal care.
- 8. Child adoption leave.
- 9. Care for an immediate family member (spouse, children, parents, brothers, sisters, parents-in-law, grandparents, grandchildren, or an individual who has become a member of an immediate family through the Hawai'ian "hanai" custom) who is ill or injured.
- 10. Care for parents, spouse, children, and/or grandparents, who are unable to perform one or more Activities of Daily Living (ADL). Typical Activities of Daily Living includes the following:
 - a. Mobility: Walking or wheeling any distance on a level surface.
 - b. Transferring: Moving between the bed and a chair or the bed and a wheelchair.
 - c. Dressing: Putting on and taking off all necessary items of clothing.
 - d. Toileting: Getting to and from the toilet, getting on and off the toilet, and associated personal hygiene.
 - e. Eating: All major tasks of getting food into the body.
 - f. Bathing: Getting into or out of a tub or shower and/or otherwise washing the parts of the body.
 - g. Continence: Controlling one's bladder and bowel functions.
- H. Return Rights from a Leave Without Pay. Except as specifically provided otherwise in this Article, Employees granted leaves without pay under this Article shall, upon condition of showing to the satisfaction of the appointing authority that the Employee has fulfilled the purpose of her leave, shall have the following rights:
- 1. A regular Employee, upon expiration of her leave shall be reinstated to her former position; provided, that if such position has been abolished during the period of such leave, the provisions of Article 12, Layoff and Reemployment shall be applicable.

- 2. A non-regular Employee, upon expiration of her leave shall have reinstatement rights to her former position, provided that the status and function of the position remained the same in her absence. In the event that the Employee cannot be reinstated, she shall be terminated.
- 3. Failure of an Employee to return to duty at the expiration of her leave shall be deemed a resignation; provided that if within fifteen (15) days of the expiration of the leave, the Employee furnishes satisfactory reasons to the appointing authority as to why the Employee was unable to return immediately after the expiration of the leave, the Employee shall be entitled to such rights as she had at the expiration of the leave. In the event the appointing authority does not accept the reasons, the issue of the reasonableness of the reasons shall be subject to the provisions of Article 14, Grievance Procedure.
 - I. Other Rights and Conditions.
- 1. A regular Employee on an approved leave of absence shall be eligible during the period on such leave for promotional examinations and status of promotional eligible lists under the same conditions as though in active service.
- 2. An Employee who accepts employment, either in another position under civil service or in conflict with the purpose of her leave during the leave of absence, shall be deemed to have resigned from her position from which the leave was granted, effective the date of the appointment to the other position.
- J. Unauthorized Leave. Any absence from work which does not meet the requirements for an authorized leave, with or without pay, shall be charged as unauthorized absence from work. Any period of unauthorized absence from work shall not be considered as service rendered.
 - K. Leave Pending Investigation of Charges.
- 1. Whenever an investigation of charges against an Employee is pending and the Employee's presence at the work site is deemed by the Employer to be detrimental to the proper conduct of the investigation or the operations of the work place, the Employee may be placed on a leave of absence without pay pending investigation subject to the following:
 - a. The Union and the Employee who is placed on the leave without pay pending an investigation shall be given written notice within forty-eight (48) hours after such action is taken. The written notice shall provide an explanation, including available facts, on why the Employee's presence at the work site is deemed by the Employer to be detrimental to the proper conduct of the investigation or the operations of the work place and the effective date of the leave of absence without pay pending an investigation.

- b. The period of leave of absence without pay pending an investigation shall be for such length of time as may be necessary to conclude the investigation, but not exceeding thirty (30) days. In the event the investigation exceeds thirty (30) days, the appointing authority may exercise its options provided in subparagraph K.2.
- c. If the Employee who has been placed on leave of absence without pay pending investigation is cleared of all charges or if the charges are dropped or not substantiated, the Employee shall be reinstated without loss of pay and all rights and benefits will be restored as though the Employee had not been on leave of absence without pay pending an investigation.
- d. Disciplinary or Discharge Action Resulting From an Investigation of Charges.
 - 1) In the event a suspension is warranted, the Employer may consider any portion of the period of the leave of absence without pay pending an investigation towards fulfilling, in whole or in part, the disciplinary action considered appropriate by the Employer. The Employee shall be reinstated without loss of pay and benefits for any portion of the period of the leave of absence without pay which has not been considered towards fulfilling the disciplinary action.
 - 2) In the event a discharge is warranted, the Employee shall not be granted any back pay or restored with any rights and benefits for the period of the leave of absence without pay pending an investigation.
- 2. Notwithstanding the foregoing, whenever an investigation of charges against an Employee is pending, the Employer shall have the discretion to:
 - a. retain the Employee in active duty status;
 - b. place the Employee on leave of absence with pay;
 - c. return the Employee to active duty status from leave without pay pending an investigation; or,
 - d. reassign the Employee to another work unit or area in the same or different capacity.

The action shall be for the length of time as may be necessary to conclude the investigation.

ARTICLE 55 - DRUG AND ALCOHOL TESTING

The Union and Employer have reached an agreement on alcohol and controlled substance testing. Part one of the agreement pertains to alcohol and controlled substance testing for all Employees based on "reasonable suspicion." Part two of the agreement pertains to "random" alcohol and controlled substance testing for certain identified health, safety and public trust (HSPT) Employees. [The agreement has an attached list of identified HSPT positions.] Those positions designated as HSPT positions are identified in Attachment D.

The agreement is intended to keep the workplace free from the hazards related to the use of alcohol and controlled substances by the testing program. Employees are expected to report to work in a physical and mental condition consistent with this agreement which enables them to perform their duties in a safe and productive manner. Employees subject to alcohol and controlled substance tests and who are subject to disciplinary action shall be afforded "due process" as provided in the alcohol and controlled substance testing agreement and applicable provisions of the collective bargaining agreement.

All health, safety and public trust Employees will receive a copy of the "random" alcohol and controlled substance agreement from the Employer. All other Employees will receive a copy of the "reasonable suspicion" alcohol and controlled substance agreement from the Employer. Employees may also request a copy of the alcohol and controlled substance agreement from the Union.

NOTE: The agreement reflects a "two strikes and you're out" disciplinary action schedule for confirmed positive tests for alcohol and controlled substance that was negotiated through a memorandum of agreement and ratified by Employees in the bargaining unit.

Attachment G

ARTICLE 55 - DRUG AND ALCOHOL TESTING
Attachment D of the agreement referenced herein for BU09 is amended as
follows:
STATE OF HAWAII
Advanced Practice RN I & II
<u>Nurse Manager</u>
Registered Nurse II, III, IV, V & VI
HAWAII HEALTH SYSTEMS CORPORATION
Registered Professional Nurses II, III, IV, V, VI, VII, & VIII
Certified Registered Nurse Anesthetist (CRNA) I & II
Nurse Practitioner I & II
<u>JUDICIARY</u>
Registered Professional Nurse
Advanced Practice Registered Nurse I, II
Note: Each jurisdiction will provide a listing of affected employees by position
number and class title.

Effective July 1, 2020, this adjustment is applicable to non-EMCP civil service and exempt employees excluded from BU 14.

Bargaining Unit 14
TENTATIVE AGREEMENT
Employer
Union
Date
Jan 8, 2020

ARTICLE 49 - DRUG AND ALCOHOL TESTING

 The Union and Employer have reached an agreement on alcohol and controlled substance testing. Part one of the agreement pertains to alcohol and controlled substance testing for all Employees based on "reasonable suspicion." Part two of the agreement pertains to "random" alcohol and controlled substance testing for certain identified health, safety and public trust (HSPT) Employees. [The agreement has an attached list of identified HSPT positions.] Those positions designated as HSPT positions are identified in Attachment D.

The agreement is intended to keep the workplace free from the hazards related to the use of alcohol and controlled substances by the testing program. Employees are expected to report to work in a physical and mental condition consistent with this agreement which enables them to perform their duties in a safe and productive manner. Employees subject to alcohol and controlled substance tests and who are subject to disciplinary action shall be afforded "due process" as provided in the alcohol and controlled substance testing agreement and applicable provisions of the collective bargaining agreement.

All health, safety and public trust Employees will receive a copy of the "random" alcohol and controlled substance agreement from the Employer. All other Employees will receive a copy of the "reasonable suspicion" alcohol and controlled substance agreement from the Employer. Employees may also request a copy of the alcohol and controlled substance agreement from the Union.

 NOTE: The agreement reflects a "two strikes and you're out" disciplinary action schedule for confirmed positive tests for alcohol and controlled substance that was negotiated through a memorandum of agreement and ratified by Employees in the bargaining unit.

Signature: Ryker J. Wada

Email: ryker.wada@hawaii.gov

Bargaining Unit 14

Effective July 1, 2020, this adjustment is applicable to non-EMCP civil service and exempt employees excluded from BU 14.

TENTATIVE AGREEMENT **Employer** Union (C Date ___ Jan 8, 2020 1 ARTICLE 49 (BU 14) - DRUG AND ALCOHOL TESTING 2 3 Attachment D of the agreement referenced herein is amended as follows: 4 5 STATE OF HAWAII Deputy Sheriff I, & II, III & IV - (BU [93] 14) 6 Conservation and Resource Enforcement Officer I, II, III, [&]IV & V - (BU [03] 14) 7 Harbor Enforcement Officers I, II, III, & IV - (BU 14) 8 9 10 11 **CITY AND COUNTY OF HONOLULU** Water Safety Officer I, II, [&] III, IV & V - (BU [03] 14) 12 13 14 **HAWAII COUNTY** 15 Water Safety Officer I, II & III - (BU [03]14) 16 17 Water Safety Officer IV - (BU [94]14) 18 19 **MAUI COUNTY** 20 21 [Water] Ocean Safety Officer I, II, [&]III & IV- (BU [03]14) Ocean Safety Operations Manager (BU 14) 22 23 24 25 **KAUAI COUNTY** [Water] Ocean Safety Officer I, II, [&] III, IV & V - (BU[-03]14) 26 27 Note: Each jurisdiction will provide a listing of affected employees by position 28 29 number and class title.